# DIRECTIONS

& For the DUE

# Observation

Of The

# LORDS DAY.



LONDON, Printed for Thomas Dring in Fleet-Street, 1682.

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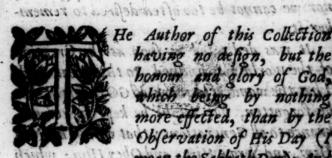
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### the Rule, to whom God hath promiled the RESERVED SERVED the after a factor of the after a factor

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He Author of this Collection having no design, but the bonour and glory of God, which being by nothing more effected, than by the Observation of His Day (1 mean the Sabbath Day): And

baving found it very well press'd in a large Treatise, and dispersed in it upon several Occasions, which is not so ready for general Use, or in the power of those whose condition cannot allow the Charge of so big a Volum; hath therefore comprised it into this Compass; which he is not at all asbamed to own, fince it is to make it more ready for every ones confidera-

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tion,

tion, that desires to serve God according to His Rule, to whom God hath promised the

bleffing of Peace.

He doth not care how this Action is Censured, (which being without the Authors knowledge, or of any that relate to him) may perhaps be thought a great piece of confidence; but if it prove a service to any poor Soul, he will think it return enough for this small pains. It is certain, this Day cannot be too much regarded, nor we cannot be too often desired to remember it.

of the world was finished, to this great End, That the world was finished, to this great End, That the wonderful work of GOD might not be forgotten, but might be kept in remembrance to all Generations; that we might Fear Him, and Serve Him, and Obey Him; which Moses sayes, shall be well for Us, and for our Children.

It was strictly Commanded by God, that it should be kept with great care; and was delivered upon the Mount with the other Nine Commandments, with Thunder and Fire, and a Terrible Voice (to beget a Reverence) which made the Children of Israel exceedingly Trem-

ble

ble and Quake; that so by his Dreadfulness, he might make them afraid to break them, as

boly Job Sayes.

Besides, the greatness of the Punishment which he inflicted upon the neglect of it, on the Offenders, which were to be ston'd to Death, should give us great caution how we behave our selves; it being still a Command in force upon us Gentiles, as well as the Jews; and not abolished as the Sacrifices, which mere only Types of the Messiah; and after his comming, were no longer for our good, as Ezekiel fayes: But became a burthen too heavy for us to bear, and of no use after our Blessed Saviour became a Sacrifice for us, having no power to take away Sin: For it was impossible, the Apostle saves, for the Blond of Bulls and Goats to do it : But our Saviour fages, A Body was prepared for him, and his delight was to take it; He came to do the will of GOD : Tet notwithstanding sayes, He came not to destroy the Law, but to fulfil it: He took away the Rigour of it, by paying our Debt; He bore our fins on his own Body, and fo fulfilled all Righteousness; but was himself Obedient unto it: He went himself on the Sabbath

3 Day,

Day, and Faught in the Temple; He corrected the faults of the Jews, and instructed them how they were to perform the Will of God; not by works of Righteonfness, which he only could perform, but by Humility, and Love to GOD, and our Neighbours, which he told them was the fulfilling of the Law: He had fatisfied for us, and therefore that Holy Day was to be employed in Prayer and Prayer fes, in acts of Charity and Composion, accomding to his great Example, who on the Sabbath Healed all manner of Diseases, and was laborious for the relief of the Necessities of his poor Creatures : and charged us to do as be had done. His holy Apostles and Disciples did follow this Rule, and therefore ordained the First Day of the week, which is the Christians Sabbath, to be employ'd to that great use, and therefore called Sunday; it being the day on which the Son of GOD Rofe from the Dead; by which He gave us Affurance that he had finished this great work of aur Redemption, and had overcome Death and Sin, and the Grave and Hell, having blotted out the Hand-writing of Ordinances which was against us, and nailed it to his Cross:

All our fires (as a cloud) he had taken out of the way, so that we might dome boldly to the Throne of Grace, pleading bis Merits, and expect a georieus Resurrection from him, to inherit those Mansions propar'd for us in his Fathers Kingdom. Which was certainly greater work than the Creation as first Calthough that was of this excellent world, full of fuch Curiofities, qualified to fo great end, and to continue in so extraordinary a manner, till be that made it, shall think fit to fag (Time fall be no more) which cannot be aftered or changed by the power of the greatest Potentate, till he pleafes to permit it) but this of our Redempsion is get more Admirable, being of this world, after it had last the favour of God, and was out of all possibility of receiving that Happiness to which (in the Creation) it was defined, and became most Miserable. No trescure, no not the Angels being able to undertake this great work; they meet much out of Compassion for us, that none was found worthy to open the Seals, wherein our destruction was bound up till this Lyon of the Tribe of Juda came, the son of GOD, who took upon him A4 our

our Nature, and in it made full fatisfaction; as his provoked Eather testifyed, by a Voice from Heaven, saying, He was well pleased; He did accept of the Offering, and by it the Kingdom of Heaven was opened to all Believers.

Ought not then this great work of his to be kept in remembrance for ever? Ought we not to go into his Courts with Thankfgiving, and into his House with Praise, to be Thankful unto him, and to speak good of his Name; since we find by experience, the Lord is Gracious, his Mercy is Everlasting, and his Truth endures to all Generations: Omitting no opportunity of Serving him, Conversing with him, and Receiving him. whereby we may please him, and perfect our Duty, 4 the Reverend Dr. Taylor Jayes, Not resting in the last and lowest means of Necesfity, but paffing on to the Transportation of an excellent Religion; that others feeing our good works, may glorify our Father which is in Heaven; that Jo by their joynts and bands, our Souts may be knit to our Head Christ Jefus, taking fast hold on him, from whom all the body, having nourisbment ministred, may

be together increased, with the increase of BOD.

Blessed is the man whom Thou choosest, and causest to approach unto Thee, that he may dwell in thy Courts: He shall be satisfied with the Goodness of thy House, even of thy Holy Temple, As it is in Psal. 65. ver. 4.

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understand them; but to be Obeyed with

great circumspection by us his Creatures who are wholly at His dispose, having our Being from Him, and all that we enjoy; and only, through his Son Jeffer Christ, expect our Eternal Well-being Had we but a rive Confideration of the

Power, and Excellence of God, it would make us afraid; (as Holy Job fayes) and we should humble our felves in Dust and Ashes, who is a Consuming Fire; stand Amazed at his Goodness and Love to us, that still contrives ways for the making us happy, who are fo unworthy of his Love. The Saints of God are infinitely Confible of it. O how great is his Goodness (faith Holy David) to those that fear him, to them that keep his Cove-To those that remember his Comnant. mandments to do them, thou shale fill them (fayes he in another place) with the fatness of thy House; thou shalt make them drink of the Rivers of thy Pleafure, thou hast shew'd them the Paths of Life; in thy presence is fulness of joys, and at thy right Hand are Pleasures for evermore. The Saints love God, and they love his Ordinances, his Word, and his Worship, Sabbaths, and Sacraments they love; they take delight in approaching to God, and to wait on him in his holy Temple.

It is God in the Word that they love, & Power.

it is him that they Worship and Honour on this his Day; and in his Courts, they confess him worthy to receive Honour, Power, Glory, and Dominion, world, without End. And this ought to be our work upon this Holy Day principally, & our great Pleasure. To this God makes a gteat Promise, if ay 58.13, That if they turn'd away their foot from the Sabbath, from doing, their pleasure on his Holy Day, and that the Sabbath was their delight, the Holy of the Lord, as it was honourable, so they did honour him, not doing their own ways, nor finding their own pleasure; nor speaking their own words, but did delight themselves in the Lord: Then he would make them to ride upon the high places of the Earth, and feed them with the heritage of Jacob their Father.

keep up Sabbaths, and you will keep up Scripture, Ordinances, Ministry, and Religion; keep up Religion, and the Devil, the World, and your Lusts will fall before you, and you will see them dead upon the stones; in vain shall the Devil Tempt, if our hearts were but thus fix.

ed truffing in the Lord. In laid

But the more immediate Influence of it will appear, if we consider that this day is a day,

1. Of separation for God.

2. Of special Communion with God.

3. Of special protection for Souls.

1. It is a day of separation for God; the people of God as fuch, are a feparated People, separated from the Lusts of men, to the Laws of God, Neb. 10.28. Ezra 6.21. In their First Day, their day of grace, they feparate themselves from the Evils of the World; and in this Day they are to separate themselves from the affairs and thoughts of the World. This day is an Hallowed day, Sanctified by God, and to be fanctified by his Saints? God's Sanctifying it, is fetting apart the day for an holy one; our fanctifying it, is the fetting it apart, for an holy Service. This day is a Priviledged day; nothing that is Common or Unclean may encroach upon it. The Day of the Lord is as the House of the Lord, a kind of meeting between Heaven and Earth, wherewherein God Calls us up to the Mount, and comes down to give us a meeting; and as when he came down to Mount Sinci, He required that his People, who were yet to come no hearer Him, than the foot of the Mount, should by washing their Cloaths, and separating themselves from their Wives, make ready against his coming down: So doth he here give us as strict a charge; Remember, be also ready, be ye also washed, and be ye separate; washe your hands, empty your hearts, come in from your fields; come out of your shops; lay by your work, leave this Earth below, come up to meet your God.

There are two things that give to Objects, their greatest Essicacy and Advantage upon us; their nearness to us, and the remoteness of the contrary. The world on this day loses both these Advantages, wherein we are call'd to stand aloof from it; and so draw nigh to sodo!

We are then fairest for Victory over the world, when we are farthest off it; it is ill fighting a Cock on his own dunghit; while the world is at our Elbow, there's

little

limle like to be done against it; while it is in our Eye or our Head, 'tis not eafy. to keep it out of our Heart: When the Lord hath gotten our Company alone, and the world hath nothing; novan Ox, nor an Asse, not a Business, not a Pleafure to folicite our Love and Labour: when we are gotten out of fight, and out of hearing of this Harlot, nand it crys after us chewit is most likely to lose its hold of us b. The reason why we cordinarily make no more advantage of Sabbaths this way; is; because, however we pretend to draw nigh to God; yet we do not withdraw from the World. We come into the Sanctuary, as Ifrael went fout of Egypt; we carry not our Wives and our little ones only; but our Flocks and our Herds, and all our Substance; we carry all we have with us, when we come before the Lord: the lowing of the Oxen, and the bleating of the Sheep, the founding of the Millstone is so still in our Ears; the Butter and the Honey, the Wine and the Oyl, the Silver and the Gold, are fo still continually

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Brethren, who is there with you at this hour? here you are before the Lord; but who is there with you? Search every Room, look into every Corner, is there none within that should not be there? Is there no messenger of Sathan? Hath the world no Agitator now at work within you? O behold! While the Lord is a treating with our Ears, what a mixt Multitude are there within: Cares, and Thoughts, and Lusts, and Projects for this World; and what a stir do they all make, that God may not be regarded? The Devil will be most busy at fuch a time, he doubts how matters might go with him, if he now keeps filence doubtless many a foul more, might have been gain'd over to God, had not Satan flood by and hindered, and kept those ever near us that forbad the Match. Use to be alone with God, out of the Company, and out of the Noise and hearing of the wooings of this Harlot, and then there's hope the Lord

Lord may gain your Loves. Alamie

What wonder that the Seed dies, and becomes unfruitful, that falls into a field of Stones, or amongst such Birds as stand watching to catch it all away? what hopes that the Council of the Lord will be Accepted of a mind prepoffes'd, and actually stuff'd with the Cares of this Life? How canft thou afcend with thy Burthen on thy back? Unload, unload, lay alide every weight, and then go up and profper. in a boot of olid W

Say to all you have tay here, while I go and pray before the Lord. Let the Night before each Sabbath, be as the grave betwirt the two Worlds; there let thy dust be Buried, and thy Spirit fly Naked to thy God. Let the Night, which is the Partition betwixt thy own days and the Lords, be thy Souls taking its leave of all thou haft; any finful thought, work or pleafure, thy lufts and thy evil ways, give thee an eternal Burial. Be gone, see my Face no more, and for matters Lawful and Honestothat-concern this Earth, charge shem not to thrust in before the Lord; go your way also for this time, and when I have a convenient season, I will send for you. And if from Sabbath to Sabbath thy feet stand thus on the Mountain of the Lord, thou mayest find them all the week long on the tops of the

Mountain of the Earth.

Brethren, where is our Sabbath-feparation? Is there not a fault amongst us upon this Account? Let him that heareth enquire how it is with us: Am I not faulty? What are my Sabbath-Thoughts? What are my Sabbath-Difcourses? If I be better imployed in the House of God, what do I in my own House? What are my morning, evening, and mid-day Thoughts? What is my Table-talk, my Chimny-talk? If Bufiness, if Bargains, or Journeys be not admitted, are not Visits, or Complements, or vain Stories, or impertinent News, fuffer'd to fill up the time? Is it thus or not with thee? Is it well that it is thus? O clear your Sabbaths of fuch worldly Incroachments, or you'l never clear your Hearts; drive all the world B 2 into

into Patmos, into Banishment; and be wholly in the Spirit on the Lords-day; be abstracted from earthly things, and earthly Thoughts, bring them with you, neither to the House nor to the Day of the Lord.

Let your own House, and your own Table, be as the House and Table of the Lord; have nothing to do from morning to evening but to wait on God: and it is our duty to live in great watchfulness over our selves, that we may not do this Work of the Lord negligently, but may walk in the Fear of the Lord all the day long, with a Caution not fo apt to be surpris'd as Dr. Taylor fayes, and a Faith not to be reprov'd; that God may not be provok't by our negligence to forfake our Affemblies, and to fend a Curse upon us instead of a Bleffing; we may then come boldly to the Throne of Grace through his Son Jefus Christ, and expect his gracious Affiftance. To this man will I look (fayes God by His Propher, May 66. 21) that trembles at my word: Which every foul must

must necessarily do, if they did but behold the Holiness, and the Authority of it, that it is the Word of the great God.

He that reads the Word as the Epifiles of God sent down to the World, cannot but have a great Reverence f r it; where they behold it as the Epistle commendatory, that shew the excellence of God, and his Letters mandatory, that charge subjection to God, he cannot but refign his will obediently to every part of it. It will be the bent and defire of his Soul to be obedient in all things, when he takes every word as coming from the Mouth of the Holy One of 1/rael. Then he lies prostrate before the Lord, his Soul bows, his Heart falls low, before the Feet of the Almighty. The Word by how much the more it is confidered as the Word of God, so much the more awe it works upon him. Every look he casts upon his Bible, is a looking into Heaven. He that fears God. fears when he comes to Worship, reverences his Sanctuary: in thy Fear

will I worship. That which works this Fear, is, that he looks upon the Ordinances and Duty of VVorship, as

The Institution of God:

And his Applications unto God. This (fays the devout Soul) is that which the Lord hath Sanctified; behold his I-mage and Superscription, here he hath appointed me to wait, and to meet my Soul; now I am going up to the Mount of God: The Mount of God is every where, where the VVorship of God is. My Soul, where art thou? I am before the Lord of the whole Earth, Put off thy shooes from off thy Feet, the place whereon thou standest is Holy Ground: I am before the High and Holy One, the God of all the Earth, and upon transactions of eternal Consequence, to do my Homage to the everlasting King, to kneel before the Lord my Maker, to kiss the golden Scepter, to beg my Life at his hand, to behold his goings in the Sanctuary, his VVif-dom, and his Mercies, and his Goodness are all passing before me. How dreadful is this Place, this is none other than

than the House of God and the Gates of Heaven! How dreadful is this VVord, this is no other but the VVord of God! How dreadful are these Ordinances, they are none other but the Door of Glory! Tremble thou Heart at the Presence of the Lord, at the presence of the God of Jacob: and must not this Holy-Day imployed thus, tend much to our eternal Benefit? VVill not God command his blessings, upon us, even Life for evermore? it must be so, because

part by God, on purpose for Special Communion with Him; the Meeting of God with his People on the Sabbath Day, is like the Meeting which was promis'd to Moses, Exod. 25. 22. Before the Mercy-Seat, there will I meet thee, and Commune with thee; there will I flow thee all my mind, and hear all thy requests. It is a Day of Blessing, Thither the Tribes go up to Bless the Lord, and there he comes down to Bless his People. It is said, Gen. 2. and Exod. 20. that God blessed the Seventh-Day. God's Blessing that B 4

Day, makes it a Day of Bleffing, a good Day to his Saints; he then comes to them in the fulness of the Bleffing of

the Gospel.

As God makes the Clouds his Chariots, fo also he makes his Words and his Ministers, and his Ordinances his Chariots, wherein he rides down to give the World a Meeting; but especially upon the Sabbath-Day, which was fer apart by himfelf for his Service, doth he principally Manifest himself: And he hath promis'd, that those, who thus indeavour to order their Conversations aright, shall fee the Salvation of God.

When Ministers come down, and the Word comes down, God comes down in them to visit his People; as twas said of Paul, so it is true of Apollos and Cephas, and all the Dispencers of the Gospel: they are chosen Veffels, to bear his Name before the Sons of Men; and as they are the Chariots, in which God comes down, fo are they also Wagzons which He hath fent them, to fetch them to Himfelf and show (soil shows all

The Saints send up their Hearts in their Duty, their Hearts in their Prayers, in their Praises to God. Old Israels Heart leap'd when he saw the Waggons which Joseph had sent. Oh! What Love doth the Psalmist express to the House, and Court of GOD: How amiable are thy Tabernacles? I was glad when they said unto me, Let us go to the House of the Lord, He was glad to go thither, because there he hoped to be carried higher, from the Mountain ro the Mansion; from Mount Zion here below, to Jerusalem which is above.

It is their Duty, and the Delight of Saints to be ascending Heaven-wards: As they are Dead with Christ, they are Risen with Christ, and it is not with them as they would, till they are ascending up with Christ. They are Dead with Christ by Repentance and Humiliation; they are Risenwith Christ by Faith and Sanctification; and they Ascend with Christ by Love, and Holy Assection. This is their Chariot of Fire; a Chariot within a Chariot, that through Duties and

and Ordinances Rides up, in its own Flames, to the God of Love. Or if you will, the Ordinances of God are our far roks Ladder, reaching from Heaven to Earth, by which Angels descend, and Souls afcend: God comes down, and Hearts go up; Praises go up, and Blessings come down. Thou hast not prov'd what an Ordinance means, what Prayer is, or Preaching is, or Sacraments are, that hath not feen God coming down, nor felt thy Heart Ascending by them. He that hath felt this, will fay, Here let me dwell; let others be where they will, amongst their Herds, upon their Beds, or at their Cups, amongst their Harlots, or in their Houses; it is good for me to be here. We should not think this Day loft; but shall Long till we have leave again to approach unto GOD.

But no wonder Christians, that Carnal Hearts are such strangers to the word, can so well set out at Duties, and can want Ordinances; Preaching, and Praying, and Sabbaths, they can spare, and not

not feel their want: What wonder! What is God to Flesh? These Chariots would carry them away from their gods; carry them out of their own Countries, into a strange Land, where they have neither Possession nor Acquaintance. But Oh! What a fad wonder is it, that Saints should go up so often into the Chariots, and yet be got no nearer Home! That they should be still fo much on the Earth, that have been fo often Mounted for Heaven! That those Hearts should still be on the Dunghil, whose Feet are so often on the Mountain of the Lord! That the Waggons should be so often sent down, and go Empty, scarce an Heart sent up in them ! Yea, That they should be so far from God, when God is among them! Where's your Love Christians? How is it, that it is still below? What have you here? Your City is above, your Home is above; your God, your Jesus, your Treafure is above: Oh! How is it, that where your Treasure is, your Hearts be not also? Hear from God, and not God with

with the Messenger! Send up to Heaven your Eyes, your Heads, your Prayers, your Complaints, your Promises, and still leave your Hearts below! Send up your Hearts to Heaven, and let them return down again to the Earth, remain Earth, and Flesh, and Filth, and Vanity, after so much converse, or pretence to it, with the Holy GOD of Spirits! Lovest thou God, when thou canst go so often where He is, and not care to fee Him; or if thou meet Him, canst let Him go without a Blessing? Or if He Bless thee, canst go presently, and exchange the Fathers Blessing for a Mess of Pottage; canst lose a Duty in a Din-ner? The Comforts, and Revivings of a Sermon, of a Sacrament, of a Sabbath, in an Hours Carnal Converse in the World? Did we Love our God more, certainly we should be more with Him, and to better purpose: His Meetings would be more precious, and the Fruits of them more lasting; we should nei-ther go away without his Blessing, nor throw it away when we had gotten it.

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it. But should infinitly value these gracious Opportunities and be mighty thankfull to God, that by these meanes he is pleased to call us off from the World, that we may prepare for Eternity. Of this Sabbath David speaks with great delight, sayes he in Pfal. 118. This is the Day which the Lord hath made, we will rejoyce and be glad in it. And in Psal. 111. He hath made his wonderful works to be Remembred.

Those that Question, whether the first day of the week be the Christian Sabbath; Let them consider, what day since the Death of Christ, the Lord hath exalted above all dayes, that they can with most considence say, This is the day which the Lord hath Blessed. On what day was the Gates of Death broken, the Lord Jesus declared to be the Son of God with power by his Resurrection from the Dead? On which day was the Spirit of God most signally shed abroad, on the Apostles, and Primitive Christians, in those Extraordinary Gifts, whereby they were made more capable

capable of Publishing the Bleffed Gofpel to the Ends of the Earth, and in that special grace which seized three thousand Souls in one day, Acts 2. What day is it that hath been honored to be the Birth-day of the greatest number of Saints, ever fince that hath been their Feast day, wherein their Souls have been most sensibly Nourished, and they have been Increased with the Increaseings of God, Col. 2. 19. What meals have they had to their Lords-day meals, what joys to their Lords-day joys? Surely if this may determine the Question which day is the Sabbath of the Lord, the day which of all others God hath most Bleffed and made a good day; The Experiences of all Christians, in all ages would bring in their Vote for the First day. And did we confider it, we should go into his Gates with thanksgiving, and into his Courts with praise; we should be thankful unto him, and fpeak good of his Name, who doth give us hope of this benefit of which they were partakers, in and through our

our Lord Jefus Christ. But this by the

way.

This day, as is said before, is the Rest of God, a little hence let down to us on Earth. God calls us up hither, as he called Moses up to Risgah, to give us a view of the promised Land. The Sabbath is hence open'd, we may give a guess, at the Glory to come, by those glimpses and tastes we have of it here.

It is the day of Interview betwixt the Bridegroom and the Bride, wherein he beholds our faces, and thews us his Love, wherein he comes down into his Garden to Eat his pleasant fruits, and we behold his goings, the goings of

God in the Sanctuary.

The business of this day is to look into the Ark of the Covenant of God, to review and renew the Covenant-Transactions betwixt him and our Souls: to search out, to Contemplate and Admire the Mercies and loving kindness of the Lord; to receive the overflowings of his goodness; to pour forth our Souls

Souls as an Offering to him in our prayers and praises; to give and receive mutual tokens and pledges of his love, and faithfulness; to seal to our sidelity to him, and to receive farther tokens and affurances of his grace and good will to our souls; to obtain help from God against our Enemies, the Devil, the World, and the corrupt Lusts of our Hearts. Hereby we may execute upon them the Vengeance written, and upon this Mountain ordinarily is the Victory obtained, There brake he the Arrows of the Bow, the Shield, the Sword, and the Battel, Psal. 76. 3.

Christians, have you ever experimented this Sabbath-Communion? hath the Lord God appeared thus unto you, hath there been such friendly, and familier intercourses betwixt him and your Soul? Oh how concemptibly hath the world

looked on that day!

But Oh what dark and cloudy dayes are our Sabbath dayes ordinarily to us, the Sun not once appearing it may be for many dayes together! No wonder

our Souls are so Earth'd all the Week, when they are fo feldom in Heaven on the Day of the Lord. What dry Feafts are our Sabbath-Feafts: rather Fasts than Feasts: Real Communion with God is a strengthning to us; even in the Day of God Heaven is opened, but our Eyes are shut: God comes down to meet us, and to Bless us; but our Hearts are not there, the Brefts of Consolation are full; but we have no skill, or no lift to draw at the Brefts: we come to the Well, but we do not let down the Bucket ! we stand by the Pool where the Angel comes down, but our Crippled Souls put not into the Waters. We stand without, in the outer Courts of the Lords House: Our Sabbaths are to us but Figures of Sabbaths; the Ordinances of them are to us as Wells without Water, Lamps without Ovl, meer shadows of good Things: We go up from Week to Week, to meet one with another; but how feldom do we see God in the Company. And herehereupon it is, that Sabbaths come and go, and leave us still as we were; the Devil may well enough trust us with such Sabbaths; the World may give us leave to go thus before the

Lord, and be no lofer by it.

Brethren, get you into the Inner Courts, which on these Days especially was to be fet open, Ezek. 41. there is an Entry through the House of the Lord, that leads into the Heart of the Most High: Get you into that Sanctum Sanctorum, and there let your Reft be. As often as the Morning of that Bleffed Day appears, get your Vessels ready, and go you forth to meet this Bridegroom: Open your Eyes with these Thoughts: This is the Day which the Lord hath made: I will rejoyce, and be glad in it : Climb up betimes, and let every Duty be a Stair, by which you may Afcend to the Lord: Let divine Contemplation; let Prayers, and Praises, &c. be your Holy Work: Let the Blessings of divine Communion be the whole Expectation

of that Day, and when you find your hearts refreshed with his presence, and fill'd with the Company of your GOD, and He sends you away, laden with the Tokens of his Love, and with the Impress of his Face upon your Hearts, and the Rellish of his Goodness fresh upon your Pallats; when you thus go hot out of the Presence of the Lord; then you will learn to despise the Day of small things, with which the World Entertains you. Shall I foru fake my Sweetness (faith the Fig-Tree)? Shall I forfake my Fatness (saith the Olive) and become King over the Trees? let the Bramble take that honour; farewel Dignities and Dominions, farewel Pomps and Pleasures, farewel Houses and Lands; I have enough, I have feen the face of Good land to 197 gub

Thirdy, It is a Day for special Provision for Souls, whereon the Lord brings forth, out of his Treasury, the spiritual Provision to keep the Soul in Heart. Hunger-stary'd Souldiers are but poor bighters; they are the weak Souls C. 2 whom

whom the World hath vanquished. Strength and Beauty are in his Sanctuary,

Pfal. 96. 6.

Sabbaths are the Souls Market-days; Men have Market-days, whence to be supplied with Necessaries for their Bodies; and on this Day God keeps a Market for Souls; he hath his Milk, and his Honey, his Wine, and his Oyl, his Bread, and his Water of Life; and on this Day, in especial, he makes Proclamation: Ho, every one that is Thirsty, come to the Waters and Drink; and be that hath no Money, come, buy, and Eat; yea, buy Waters and Milk without Money, and without Price, as it is in 1/a. 55. 1.

The Bread which comes down from Heaven, though it is to be had every day, yet on this Day more plentifully: Our week days may, in their Mea-

fure, be all Sabbaths.

The Jews had their Corporal Manna on their fix days, but none on the Seventh; but the hidden Manna falls more thin, and sparingly on other ther days; and on this Day more abundantly. They were to gather double on their Sixth Day, that they might have enough to supply them on their Sabbath: but for the Spiritual Manna, all our other days are to be supplied from our Sabbath-provision.

A Christian that is not fit to meet the Bridegroom, is neither fit to meet his Adversary without Oyl in his Lamp; it is the great Commodity that is set to sale in this Market, Oyl for your Vessells; come bring your empty Vessells, here's Oyl to fill them. The Ordinances which are this day Administred, are the pipes opened; these golden Pipes, by which the golden Oyl is emptied forth, and conveyed down from the living Olive, Zech. 4.

Tis no wonder that men hunger after the World who know no better feeding. An Asses Head, or a Cab of Doves-Dung, are of great price, where there is no Bread. 'Tis for

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want of Bread that VVorldlings can make such a Feast of their Locast and wild Honey; those that have eaten of the Hidden Manna, will not Lust for Quailes. The VVorlds Dainties will come out at their Nostrils, whose Bellys have been fill'd with this hid Treasure. Those whom God hath fed with his green Pastures, those whom God hath led by his still VVaters, they cannot Live in these salt marshy or stubble Fields; those whose Soules God hath made well watered Gardens, will not need the Pools of the Wilderness.

It is no wonder that the world beats us, when we go for many days together without making one good meal; when our Souls are familhed into weakness, then are we our Enemies Prey: They are the hunger-starv'd Sheep, that are a prey to Crows and Kites; if Satan can but keep us low, if he can either keep the Manna, from falling about our Camps, or keep us Idle when vve

then lead us after his lure at pleasure. Tis not a little strength that will suffice us against his great Temptations: And it is not a little Bread, by which we are like to gather any great strength; we had need feed well, if we will be strong; and we had need be strong, or we shall never fight well.

A Soul that uses to come before the Lord, with an Appetite that feeds hungrily, and is as the thirsty Earth, that drinks up the Showers that come oft upon it, whom the Lord Satisfies with the Fatness of his House; You may turn him loose to the World, the Flesh, and the Devil. The Life of God within him maintain'd by Insluences from above, will much secure him against all Assaults.

Christians, know your Sabbath Priviledges, the advantage of Sabbath-Separation, Sabbath-Communion, and Sabbath-Provision; Understand your Advantages, and make Advantage of them.

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Be ye separate, Remember your Creator, and rest from your Works, as he did from his: Remember your Redeemer, and rife from your dust, as Christ did from his: Let this Day of Resurrection be the Day of your Resurrection, and Ascention: Let Sabbaths be Sabbaths indeed, Holy to the Lord, and wholly his; divide not the day betwixt Flesh and Spirit, God and Mammon, but let it be intirely his: let every Duty and Ordinance of this day, be a Communion; prepare to meet your God, and go up to meet him. Seek his face in hope to fee his face; fee and love, fee and rejoyce, see and admire, and praise him in his Excellent Greatness; hearken what the Lord God will fpeak, and let him hear your voice; confirm your Covenant - Transactions: have you chosen the Lord for your Portion, tell him you fland to your choyce? have you renounced the Flesh, and the World, promise him not to return to folly? have you made

made the Lord your trust, put forth fresh acts of Faith upon him? look up to him, lean on him, for his Righteousness and Strength: let such as these, let Faith and Love, Hope, Prayers, and Praises, which are your Stairs to the other world, and your Weapons against this, be your Sabbath-work and delight.

Let not finer Cloathes, and better Fare; Let not Idleness and Ease, no, nor filling up a Place in the Congregation, be the only difference between Sabbaths and other dayes, but this better Work and meat for

Souls.

Provide against the dayes of Severity, against the dayes of Temptation: Let not the Manna fall besides your Vessels; Let him that hath an Ear, hear what the Spirit saith unto the Churches: catch ar every Word, observe every look of your Lord upon you; and whatever you receive, lay up and ponder in your Hearts. Have you received a Check

or Reproof, lay up your Reproof; Have you received a word of Counfel or Instruction, lay up your Instruction. Hath he spoken Peace to you, lay up that word charily by you, and whatever Transactions have passed between the Lord and your Souls, keep the Records; and when you go forth, where ever you go, carry all this upon your hearts, that when ever the world meets you again, you may be thus well appointed, and throughly surnished against all its assaults.

Brethren, put hard on every Sabbath, for such an undisturbed attendance on the Lord; single out the Lord for the Object of your whole converse; Knit your Hearts thus to him; Solace your selves thus in him; get you thus elevated and raised in your Spirits, from Earthly to Heavenly; and every inch of ground you get of your Adversary, maintain it carefully from Sabbath to Sabbath. If this were seriously Design'd, and more genegenerally Attempted, by Christians, we should find both another face, and another power of Christianity in the Earth: the children of the Kingdom, would be more visibly differenced, from the men of this World; and both the guilt and reproach of Earthliness and Sensuality, be wiped off from the Professors, and Profession of the Gospel.

## FINIS.